



Introducing LATE: An important underpinning of dementia in later life

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Disclosure

S. Ahmad Sajjadi consults for Guide point Global.

He has also served on advisory board for Eisai.

Outline

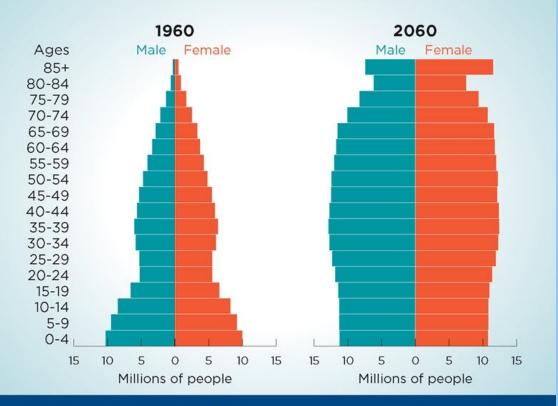
Introduction and historical background

• Introducing Limbic predominant age related TDP-43 encephalopathy (LATE)

Cognitive impact of LATE

From Pyramid to Pillar: A Century of Change

Population of the United States

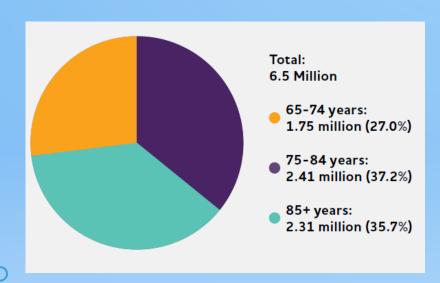


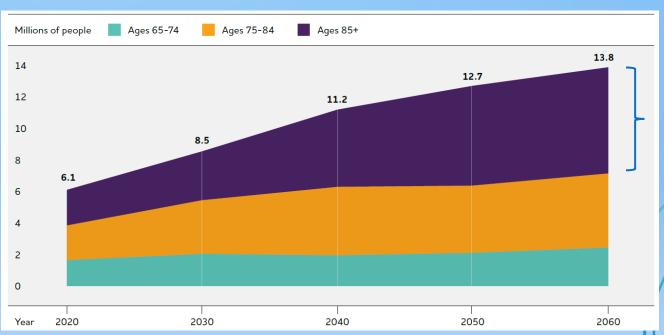


U.S. Department of Commerce Economics and Statistics Administration U.S. CENSUS BUREAU CENSUS. GOV Source: National Population Projections, 2017 www.census.gov/programs-surveys /popproj.html

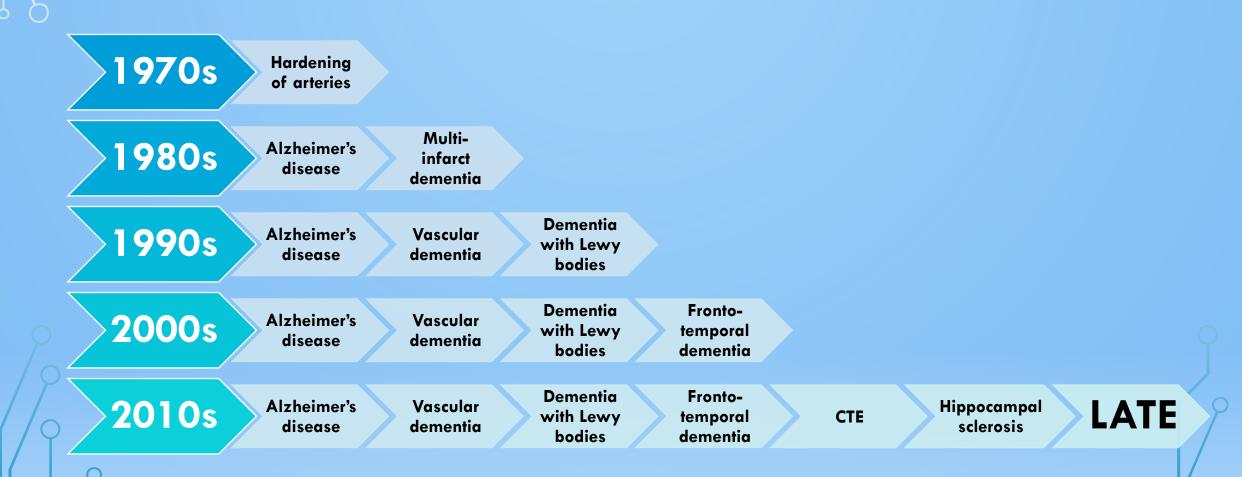
Projections for Alzheimer's disease

- Alzheimer's disease and related dementia (ADRD) are the health care tsunamis
 of the 21st century
- The oldest old are the fastest growing segment with highest rates of dementia





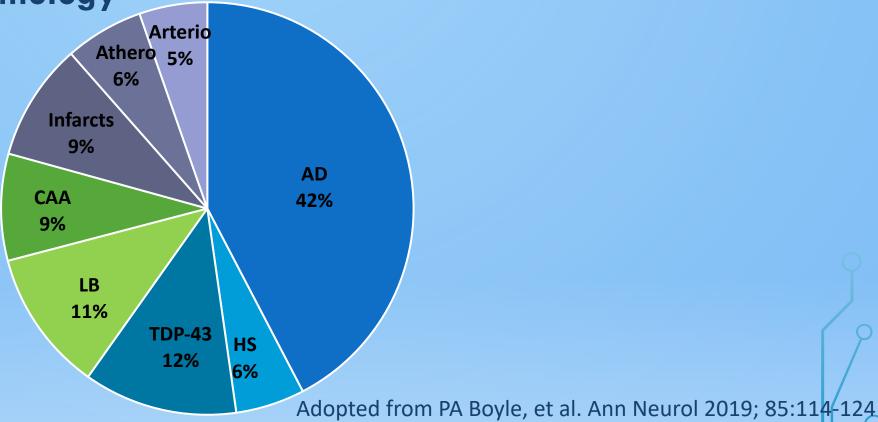
Evolution of dementia nosology



Etiology of Alzheimer's dementia

Disconnect between Alzheimer's <u>clinical</u> syndrome and

Alzheimer's pathology



TDP-43

TDP-43

TransActive Response (TAR) DNA binding protein of 43 kDa

Ubiquitously present in all cell nuclei

Regulator of gene expression

Bad when it gets trapped in cytoplasm

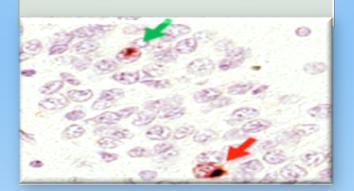
Frontotemporal dementia

Primary tauopathy

•(TDP-43

Alzheimer's dementia

- Amyloid β plaques
- Tau tangle



Hippocampal sclerosis

•TDP-43

• Arteriolo-sclerosis



TDP-43 and dementia syndromes

Frontotemporal Alzheimer's disease Hippocampal sclerosis dementia

50-60 years

70-80 years

> 85 years

LATE

doi:10.1093/brain/awz099

BRAIN 2019: 142; 1503-1527

1503

BRA IN A JOURNAL OF NEUROLOGY

REVIEW

Limbic-predominant age-related TDP-43 encephalopathy (LATE): consensus working group report

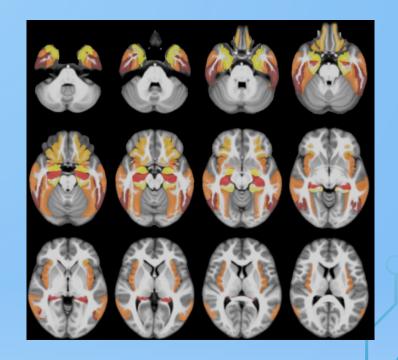
Peter T. Nelson, Dennis W. Dickson, Pohn Q. Trojanowski, Clifford R. Jack Jr., Patricia A. Boyle, Konstantinos Arfanakis, Rosa Rademakers, Irina Alafuzoff, Johannes Attems, Carol Brayne, Ian T.S. Coyle-Gilchrist, Helena C. Chui, Margaret E. Flanagan, Glenda Halliday, Suvi R.K. Hokkanen, Sally Hunter, Gregory A. Jicha, Yuriko Katsumata, Claudia H. Kawas, C. Dirk Keene, Alabor G. Kovacs, Walter A. Kukull, Mallan I. Levey, Nazanin Makkinejad, Thomas J. Montine, Shigeo Murayama, Melissa E. Murray, Sukriti Nag, Robert A. Rissman, Mulliam W. Seeley, Reisa A. Sperling, Charles L. White III, California and Julie A. Schneider

LATE-NC

- TDP-43 pathology in limbic structures in those > 85 y/o
 - Present in > 30% of autopsied brains
 - Associated with an amnestic syndrome
 - Clinically diagnosed as Alzheimer's during life

• 4 stages:

- Stage 0: no TDP-43 pathology
- Stage 1: confined to amygdala
- Stage 2: spread to hippocampus
- Stage 3: involvement of middle frontal gyrus



Nelson et al. Brain, 2019
Nelson et al. Acta Neuropathological 2022

The 90+ Study

 Community based cohort in Southern California

Longitudinal assessments

High autopsy rates

Available biomarkers

NACC

 National database of Alzheimer's disease research centers (ADRC)

Longitudinal assessments

High number of participants

Uniform pathology dataset

Demographics

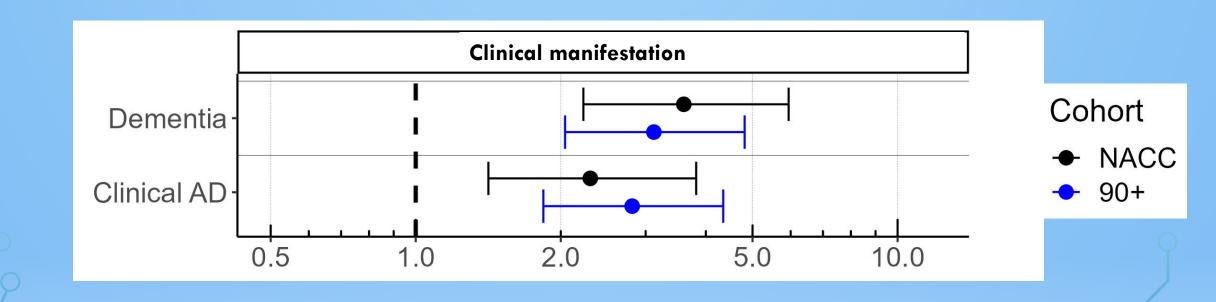
	The 90+ Study		
	LATE-NC (N=149, 36%)	Other (N=258, 64%)	
Age at Death (Mean (SD))	98 (± 3.7)	97 (± 3.5)	
Female	104 (69.8%)	178 (69.0%)	
College or More education	79 (53.0%)	127 (49.2%)	
Dementia	90 (60.4%)	88 (34.1%)	

Demographics

	The 90+ Study		NACC (>90 years old)	
	LATE-NC (N=149, 36%)	Other (N=258, 64%)	LATE-NC (N=144, 41%)	Other (N=203, 59%)
Age at Death (Mean (SD))	98 (± 3.7)	97 (± 3.5)	94 (± 3.7)	94 (± 3.5)
Female	104 (69.8%)	178 (69.0%)	83 (57.6%)	116 (57.1%)
College or More education	79 (53.0%)	127 (49.2%)		
Dementia	90 (60.4%)	88 (34.1%)	113 (78.5%)	103 (50.7%)

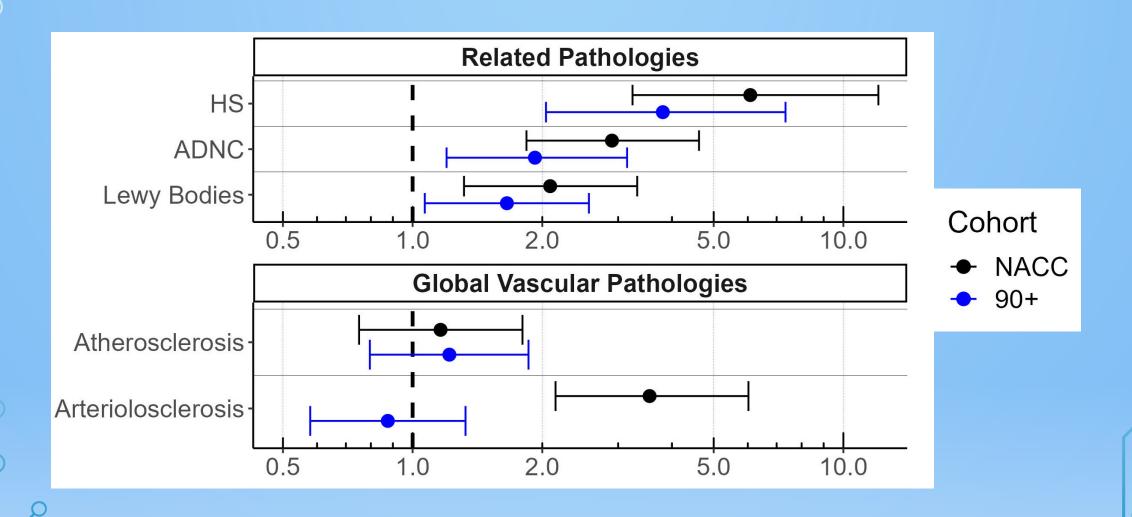




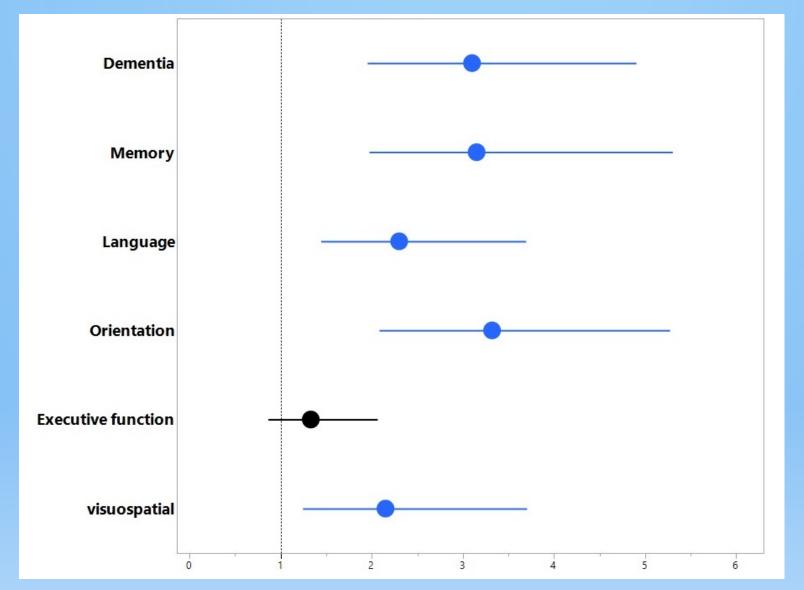


Unpublished

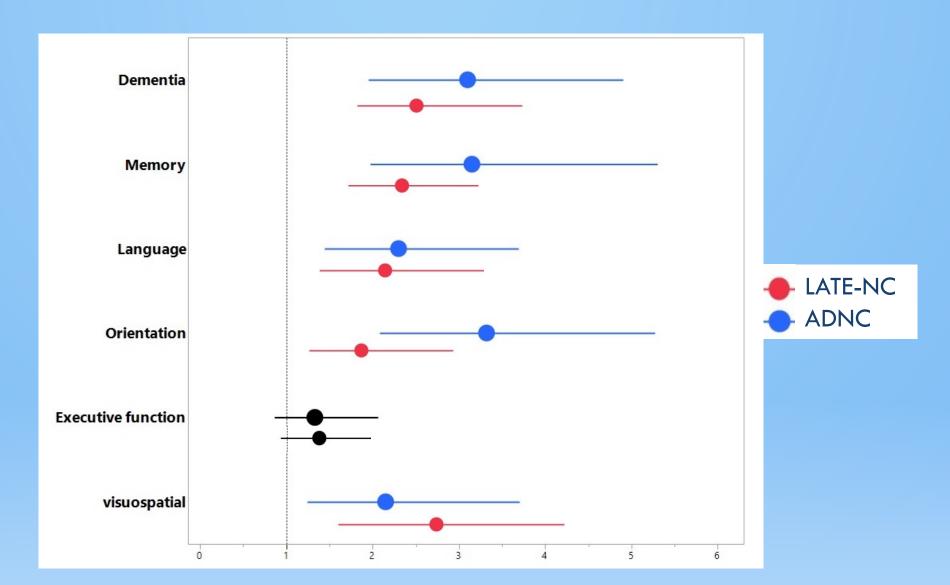
How is LATE related to other pathologies?



Relationship with cognitive domains (The 90+ Study)



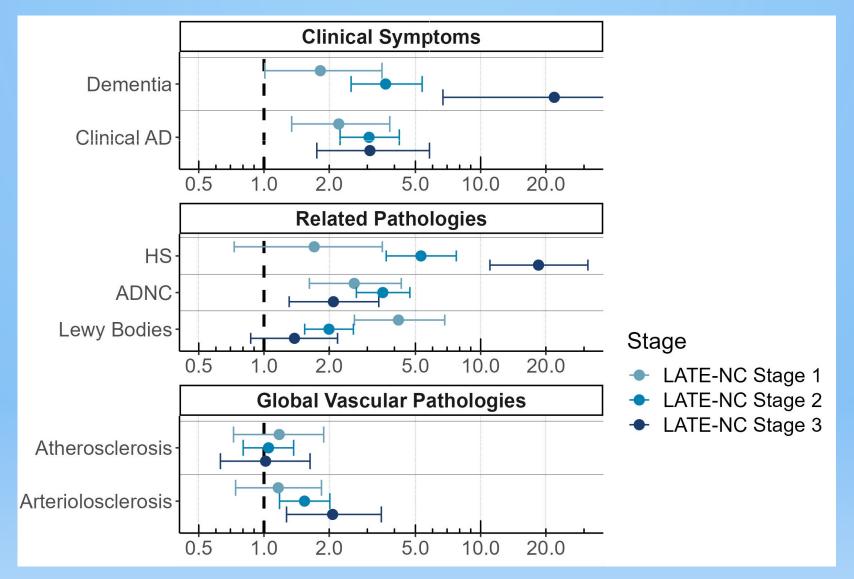
Comparison with Alzheimer's pathology



LATE-NC in the full NACC cohort

	LATE-NC (N=508, 32%)	Other (N=1083, 68%)
Age at Death (Mean (SD))	84 (± 9.5)	78 (± 12)
Female	259 (51.0%)	490 (45.2%)
Education years (Mean (SD))	16 (± 3.0)	16 (± 3.0)
Dementia	451 (88.8%)	820 (75.7%)

Associations by stages of LATE-NC (NACC)



Conclusion

LATE-NC is a common degenerative pathology

• LATE-NC is related to dementia and impairment in cognitive domains

• Its cognitive signature is very similar to Alzheimer's disease pathology

• It remains a postmortem diagnosis

> Acknowledgement

• The 90+ Study

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Thank you

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LATE stages results

