

Memory and Aging Center

The Care Ecosystem: Navigating Patients and Families through Stages of Care

Southern CA Alzheimer's Disease Research Conference

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Kate Possin, PhD John Douglas French Foundation Endowed Professorship Professor in Residence Memory and Aging Center University of California San Francisco



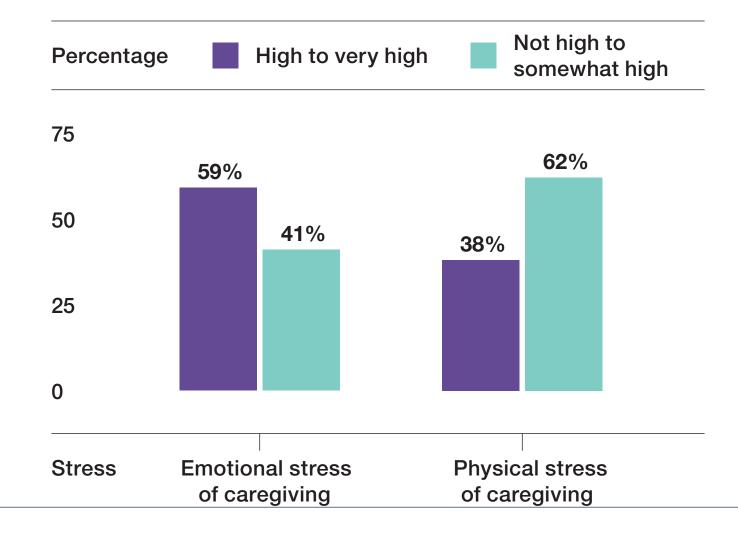
It took nearly 4 years for us to get a diagnosis. The doctor told us it was Alzheimer's, that there was nothing he could do, and to come back in a year. We were first devastated, then angry. I also have diabetes, and I got medication, education and care management for that. Now I have a fatal brain disease, and I got 'diagnose and adios.' We have to do better.



Dementia care is too often crisis-oriented and fragmented

- Frequent emergency department visits and hospitalizations (Hunt, Coombs, et al., 2018; Zhu, Cosentino et al., 2015)
- Multiple care transitions (Callahan, Tu, et al., 2015)
- Inappropriate and potentially harmful medication use (Maust, Kim, et al., 2015)
- Aggressive end of life care that is often inconsistent with the patient's values (Mitchell, Teno, Kiely et al., 2009)
- Informal caregivers shoulder substantial burdens with minimal support from our patient-centric healthcare models
 - When caregivers are depressed, PWLD use the ED more (Guterman, Allen, et al., 2019)
- The COVID-19 pandemic has disproportionately disrupted the lives of people living with dementia and their caregivers (Ibáñez, Pina-Escudero et al., 2021)

Dementia Caregivers Report High Emotional and Physical Stress Due to Caregiving





Alzheimer's Association Facts and Figures 2019

The Care Ecosystem Model

The Care Team Navigator (CTN) is at the Center





Who is a Care Team Navigator or "CTN"?

- A friendly, empathic, and organized person who loves working with people
- Health care background not required
- CTN is trained, supervised, and supported by a clinical team
- CTN provides telephone-based care coordination, education, and support







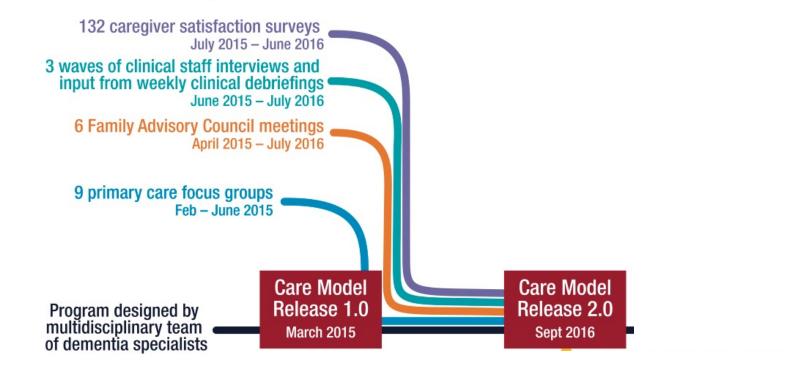
Care Modules







Agile Development of the Care Model

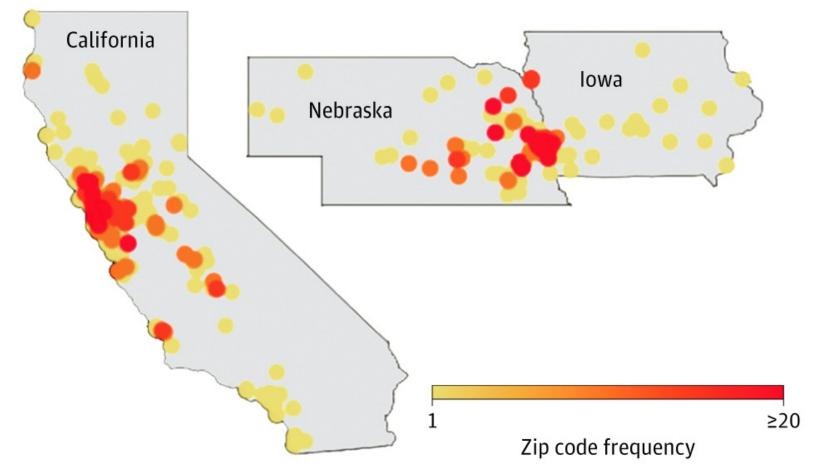




Possin et al., 2017, PLOS Medicine



Randomized Trial: Locations of patients enrolled

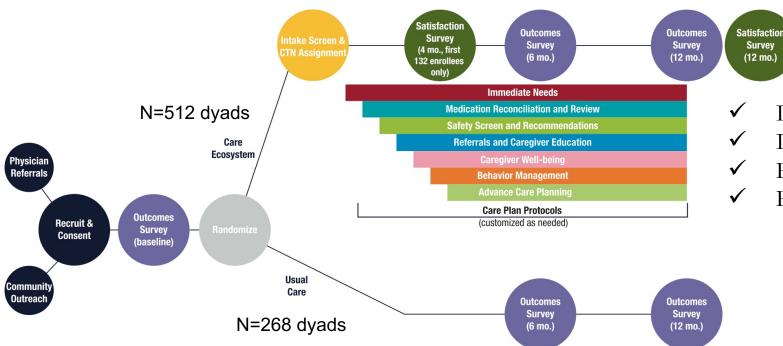


Possin et al., JAMA Internal Medicine, 2019





Randomized Trial: Design & Results

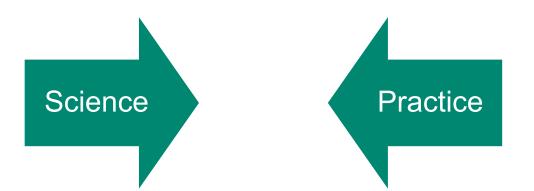


- Improved caregiver well-being
- Improved patient quality of life
- Reduced emergency room visits
- Reduced potentially inappropriate medication use In press, Kirby Lee and Amy Liu

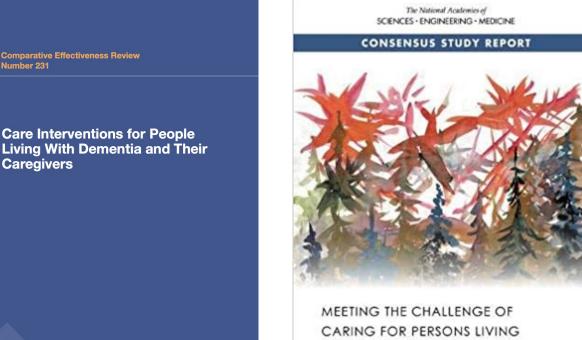


Scientists have a critical role in bridging the science-practice gap

- Scientists too often expect that the implementation and dissemination of their interventions will be taken up by other parties, which is often not the case (Callahan, Bateman, et al., 2018)
- As scientists, we need to understand the barriers to the dissemination of effective dementia care, and trial implementation methods to bridge the gap. (Boustani, Unützer, Leykum, 2021; National Academies of Sciences, Engineering, and Medicine Report, 2021)



The AHRQ's systematic review, and the National Academies of Science's consensus study report, summarize the evidence on effective dementia care models



WITH DEMENTIA AND THEIR CARE PARTNERS AND CAREGIVERS

A WAY FORWARD

Evidence is sufficient to justify implementation of collaborative care models, including the Care Ecosystem and the UCLA program, in a broad spectrum of community settings, with evaluation conducted to continue expanding the evidence base.



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Caregivers

Find the Care Ecosystem Toolkit, care protocols, and CTN training program at: memory.ucsf.edu/care-ecosystem



Sarah Dulaney, CNS Care Ecosystem Clinical Director



Clinic

Dementia & the Brain

Caregiving & Support -

Research & Clinical Trials ▼

Our Center -

Care Ecosystem

The Care Ecosystem model was designed to help address the unmet needs of persons with dementia and their caregivers.



Research & Clinical Trials	
Research FAQ	
Clinical Trials	

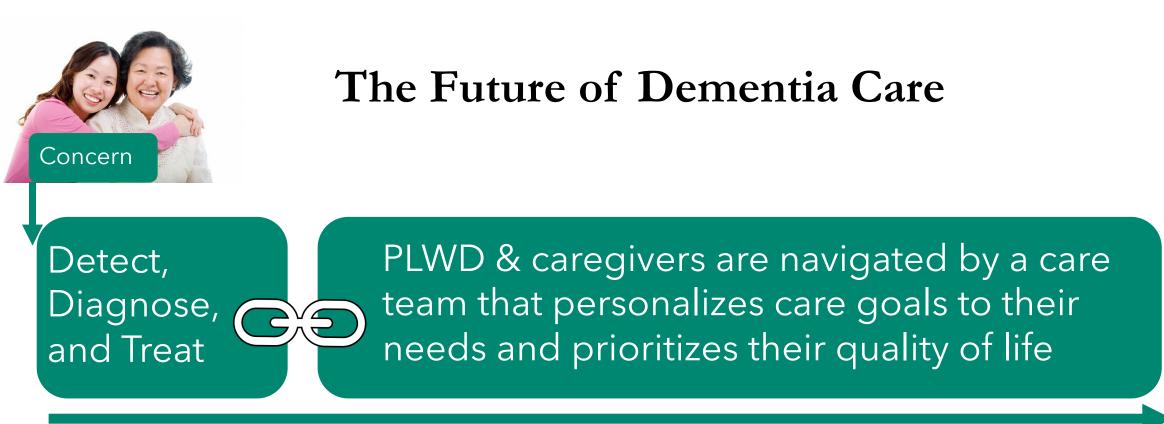
What is the Care Ecosystem?

The Care Ecosystem is a model of dementia care designed to provide personalized, cost-efficient care for persons with dementia (PWD) and their caregivers. This telephone and web-based intervention was developed and studied across California, Nebraska and Iowa via an award from the Center for Medicare and Medicaid Innovation (CMMI grant number 1C1CMS331346) from 2014–2018 and continues to be studied with funding from the National Institute for Health (NIH grant number RO1 AG056715) from 2018–2022.



CURRENT RESEARCH: Implementation and Effectiveness of the Care Ecosystem in 6 Health Systems





"These treatments and care practices will neither prevent nor cure Alzheimer's or other dementias, but they will help to change the experience of people with the conditions and their family caregivers – helping them to manage and cope with the difficult situations caused by the conditions and live as well as possible despite them."

> Katie Maslow, MSW Translating Innovation to Impact Institute of Medicine Report 2012



UCSF:

Sarah Dulaney Michelle Barclay **Jennifer Merrilees** Sarah Hooper Winston Chiong Kirby Lee Elaine Allen Elan Guterman Jim Kahn Alissa Bernstein **Bruce Miller** Krista Harrison Rachel Kiekhofer Joanne Robinson-Teran Stephanie Pun Shalini Lynch



Collaborating Sites: Steve Bonasera (UNMC) Tami Braley (UNMC) Joan Ewalt (UNMC) Christine Ritchie (MGH) **Brent Forester (MGH)** R. John Sawyer (Ochsner) Michael Rosenbloom (HealthPartners) Hillary Lum (UC Denver) Nick Olney (Providence) Mailee Hess (DHS LA County) Katie Ward (DHS LA County)

Want to learn more?

memory.ucsf.edu/care-ecosystem



The UCSF Memory and Aging Center



The mission of the UCSF Memory and Aging Center is to provide the highest quality of care for individuals with cognitive problems, to conduct research on causes and cures for degenerative brain diseases, and to educate health professionals, patients and their families.

